Study of the Initial Oxidation of H-Si using XPS, STM and IR

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Outline

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Project Objectives

Observe changes in oxygen coverage, surface morphology and structure of H_x -Si(100) and model surfaces H-Si(111)(1X1) and H-Si(100)(2X1) using XPS, STM and ATR-IR for each of the following:

- UV light
- dopant concentration
- humidity
- dopant type

After investigating factors affecting oxidation, propose possible mechanisms to explain the oxidation behavior.

ESH Impact

Optimization of Front-end Cleaning Processing requires understanding how cleanroom ambient oxidizes/ contaminates H-Si surface.

Our study focuses on how cleanroom lighting conditions affect the wafer surface.

Earlier Observation: Presence of UV Light Promotes the Oxidation H-Si(111)(1X1)



M. Linford, Thesis, Stanford University, 1996.

Hydrogen Terminated Silicon Surface

Complication: H_x-Si(100)

• Surface of current technological relevance is rough

Simplification: Model Surfaces

- H-Si(111)(1X1) is predominantly perpendicular monohydride.
- H-Si(100)(2X1) is predominantly tilted monohydride.

H-Si(111)(1X1)



K.Morse, Stanford University, 1999.







C. Wade, Thesis, Stanford University, 1997.

Current Research

• Determine the affect of lamp type on oxidation of H_x -Si(100) and H-Si(111)

• Investigate the relationship between energy density and oxidation

Lamp Light Spectrums

Model: TL730 **Room Light** Manufacture: Philips

Model: Trimeline T8 Gold Light Manufacture: General Electric Lighting

Note: no light emitted less than 500nm.



Sensitivity of Oxidation of H_x-Si(100) to Light



Sensitivity of Oxidation of H-Si(111) to type of lamp



Light Oxidation of H-Si(111) at Various Energy Densities with λ =350nm



Conclusions

• H_x-Si(100) and H-Si(111) oxidizes when exposed to room light

• As light energy density increases, so does the concentration of oxide.

Future Plans

- Investigate the model surface H-Si(100)(2X1) for light initiated oxidation.
- Determine at which photon energy does oxidation start for each of these H-Si surfaces.
- Investigate the roles surface morphology, humidity and doping type and concentration play in the light initiated oxidation of the surface.